

Selfie and the Basics

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What are the absolute basics of computer science that everyone should know about and understand?

- 1. Identify a concept that you feel everyone should know about and understand
- 2. Write a program that exemplifies that concept in different ways
- 3. List the basics that you need to know about and understand to understand that program

selfie.cs.uni-salzburg.at

...and the Basics:

12 (!) basic principles essential (!) for understanding selfie and (?) computer science

What is the meaning of this sentence?

Selfie as in self-referentiality



Do people need to understand self-referentiality?

Programming languages resemble languages but are really just formalisms with (hopefully) precise semantics



Interpretation

Compilation

Teaching the Construction of Semantics of Formalisms

Virtualization

Verification

Joint Work

- Alireza Abyaneh
- Martin Aigner
- Sebastian Arming
- Christian Barthel
- Simon Bauer
- Thomas Hütter
- Alexander Kollert
- Michael Lippautz

- Cornelia Mayer
- Philipp Mayer
- Christian Moesl
- Simone Oblasser
- Clement Poncelet
- Sara Seidl
- Ana Sokolova
- Manuel Widmoser

Inspiration

- Armin Biere: SAT/SMT Solvers
- Donald Knuth: Art
- Jochen Liedtke: Microkernels
- David Patterson: RISC
- Niklaus Wirth: Compilers



Selfie: Teaching Computer Science [selfie.cs.uni-salzburg.at]

- * Selfie is a self-referential 7k-line C implementation (in a single file) of:
 - 1. a <u>self-compiling</u> compiler called *starc* that compiles a tiny subset of C called C Star (C*) to a tiny subset of MIPS64/RISC-V called MIPSter,
 - 2. a <u>self-executing</u> emulator called *mipster* that executes MIPSter code including itself when compiled with starc,
 - 3. a <u>self-hosting</u> hypervisor called *hypster* that virtualizes mipster and can host all of selfie including itself,
 - 4. a tiny C* library called *libcstar* utilized by all of selfie, and
 - 5. a tiny, experimental SAT solver called babysat.

Also, there is a...

- linker (in-memory only)
- disassembler (w/ source code line numbers)
- debugger (tracks full machine state)
- profiler (#proc-calls, #loop-iterations, #loads, #stores)

Discussion of Selfie recently reached 3rd place on Hacker News

news.ycombinator.com

Website

selfie.cs.uni-salzburg.at

Book (Draft)

leanpub.com/selfie

Code

github.com/cksystemsteaching/selfie

nsf.gov/csforall

code.org

computingatschool.org.uk

programbydesign.org

k12cs.org

bootstrapworld.org

csfieldguide.org.nz

```
5 statements:
assignment
   while
     if
   return
procedure()
```

```
int atoi(int *s)
                            no data types other
    int i;
                            than int and int*
    int n;
                            and dereferencing:
    int c;
                              the * operator
    i = 0;
    n = 0;
                             character literals
    c = *(s+i);
                              string literals
    while (c != 0)
         n = n * 10 + c - '0';
         if (n < 0)
              return -1;
```

integer arithmetics = i + 1;

```
pointer arithmetics C = *(s+i);
```

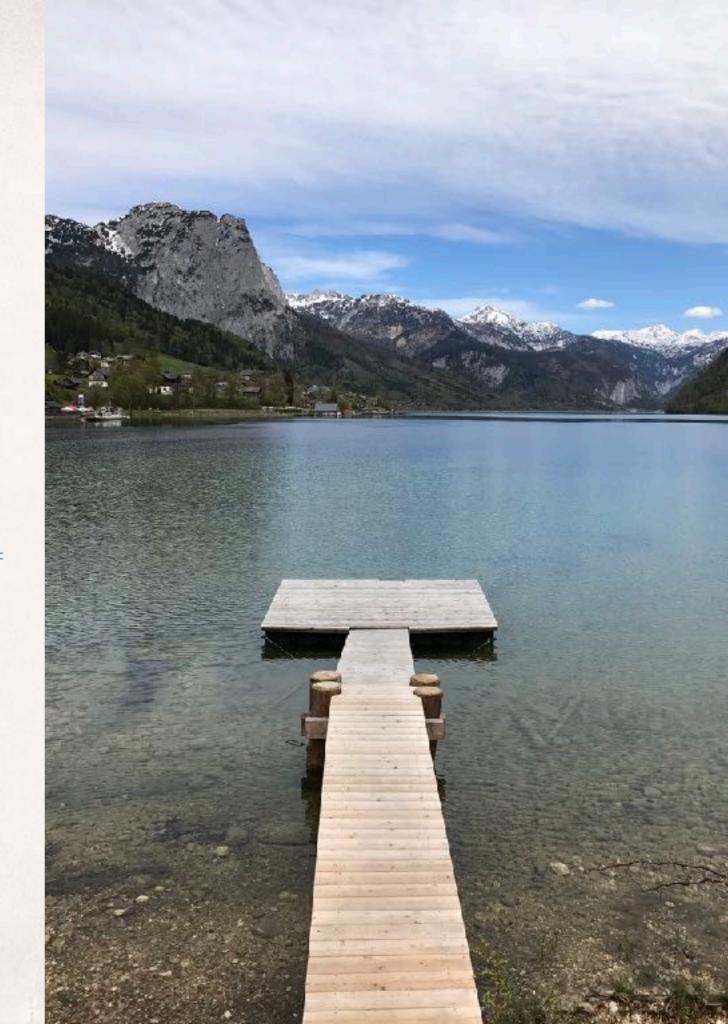
no bitwise operators no Boolean operators

```
return n;
```

library: exit, malloc, open, read, write

Minimally complex, maximally selfcontained system

Programming languages vs systems engineering?



> make
cc -w -m32 -D'main(a,b)=main(a,char**argv)' selfie.c -o selfie

bootstrapping selfie.c into x86 selfie executable using standard C compiler

(also available for RISC-V machines)

```
> ./selfie
./selfie: usage: selfie { -c { source } | -o binarv | -s assembly
| -l binary } [ ( -m | -d | -y | -min | -mob ) size ... ]
```

selfie usage

```
> ./selfie -c selfie.c
```

./selfie: this is selfie's starc compiling selfie.c

```
./selfie: 176408 characters read in 7083 lines and 969 comments
./selfie: with 97779(55.55%) characters in 28914 actual symbols
./selfie: 261 global variables, 289 procedures, 450 string literals
./selfie: 1958 calls, 723 assignments, 57 while, 572 if, 243 return
./selfie: 121660 bytes generated with 28779 instructions and 6544
bytes of data
```

compiling selfie.c with x86 selfie executable

(takes seconds)

- > ./selfie -c selfie.c -m 2 -c selfie.c
- ./selfie: this is selfie's starc compiling selfie.c
- ./selfie: this is selfie's mipster executing selfie.c with 2MB of physical memory
- selfie.c: this is selfie's starc compiling selfie.c
- **selfie.c:** exiting with exit **code 0** and **1.05**MB of mallocated memory
- ./selfie: this is selfie's mipster terminating selfie.c with exit code
 0 and 1.16MB of mapped memory

compiling selfie.c with x86 selfie executable into a MIPSter executable and

then running that MIPSter executable to compile selfie.c again (takes ~6 minutes)

- > ./selfie -c selfie.c -o selfie1.m -m 2 -c selfie.c -o selfie2.m
- ./selfie: this is selfie's starc compiling selfie.c
- ./selfie: 121660 bytes with 28779 instructions and 6544 bytes of data

written into **selfiel.m**

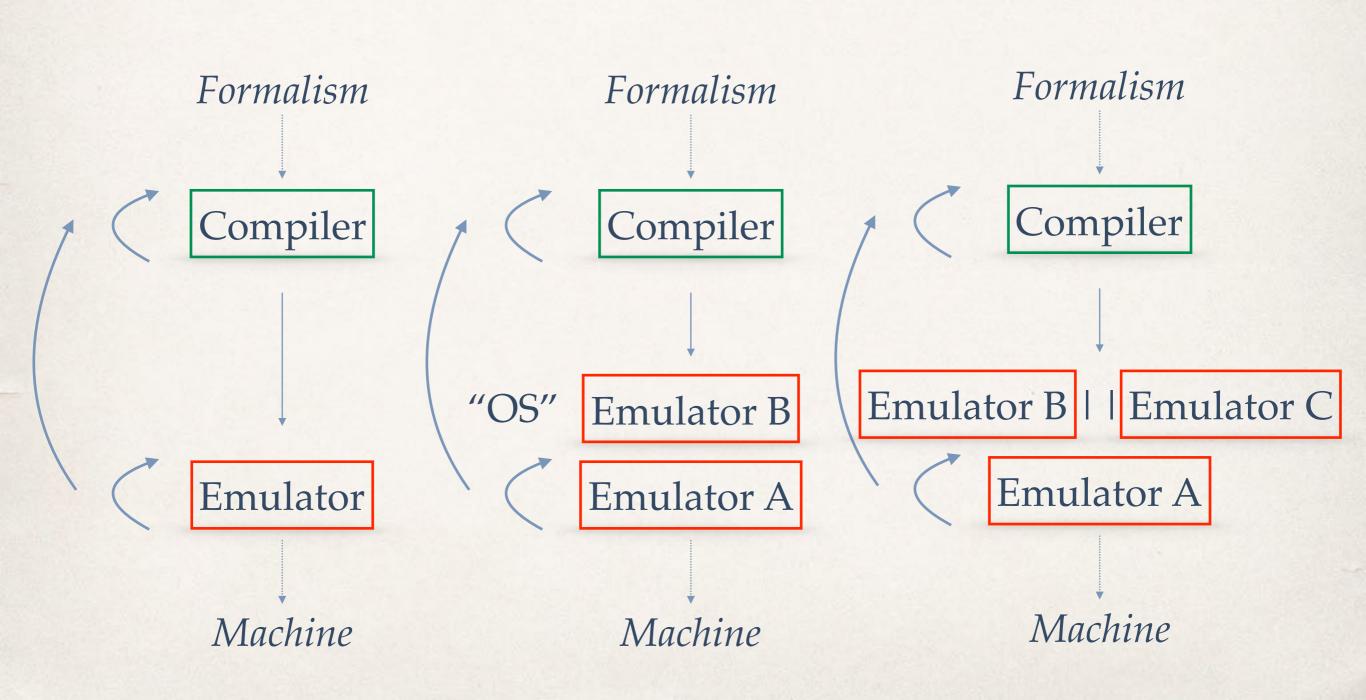
- ./selfie: this is selfie's mipster executing selfiel.m with 2MB of physical memory
- selfiel.m: this is selfie's starc compiling selfie.c
- selfiel.m: 121660 bytes with 28779 instructions and 6544 bytes of data written into selfie2.m
- **selfiel.m:** exiting with exit **code** 0 and 1.05MB of mallocated memory
- ./selfie: this is selfie's mipster terminating selfiel.m with exit
 code 0 and 1.16MB of mapped memory

compiling selfie.c into a MIPSter executable selfiel.m

and

then running selfiel.m to compile selfie.c into another MIPSter executable selfie2.m (takes ~6 minutes)

Implementing an OS Kernel: 1-Week Homework Assignment



> ./selfie -c selfie.c -m 2 -c selfie.c -m 2 -c selfie.c

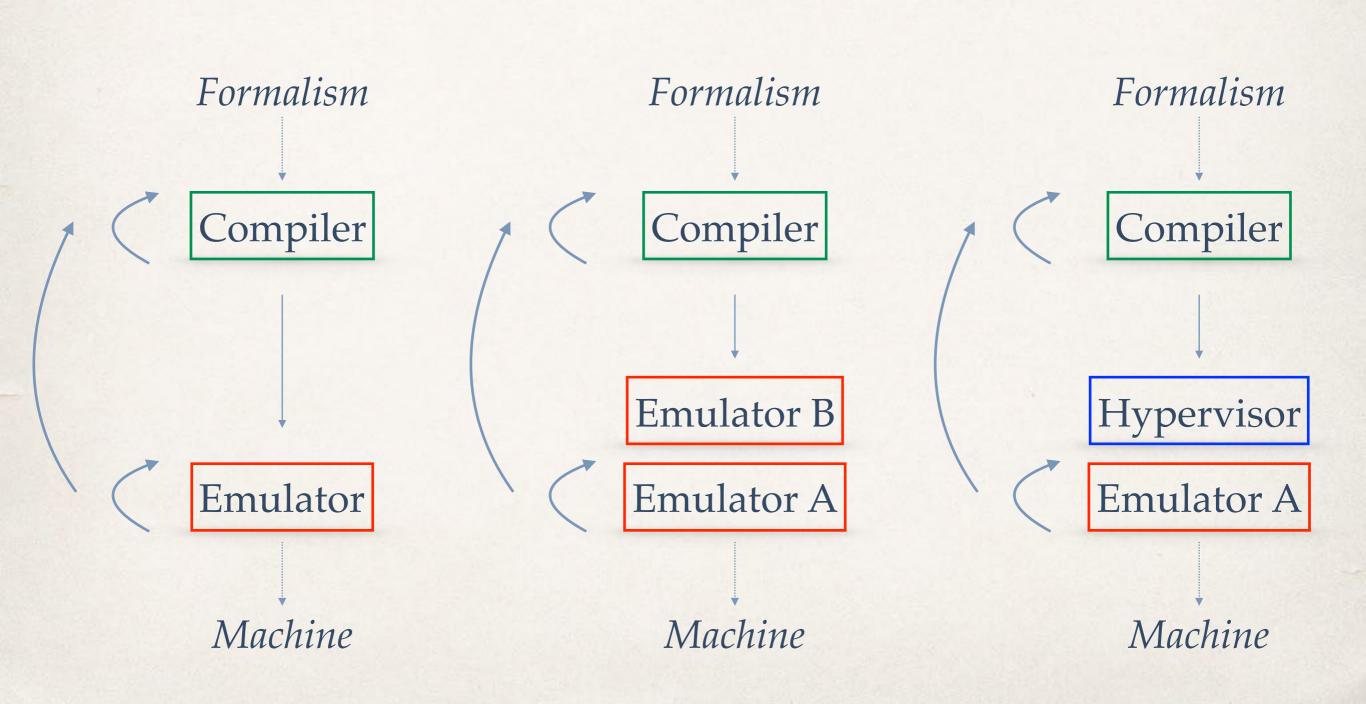
compiling selfie.c with x86 selfie executable and

then running that executable to compile selfie.c again and

then running that executable to compile selfie.c again

(takes ~24 hours)

Emulation versus Virtualization



> ./selfie -c selfie.c -m 2 -c selfie.c -y 2 -c selfie.c

compiling selfie.c with x86 selfie executable

and

then running that executable to compile selfie.c again

and

then hosting that executable in a virtual machine to compile selfie.c again (takes ~12 minutes)



Ongoing Work

Verification

- SAT/SMT Solvers (microsat/boolector)
- Symbolic Execution Engine (KLEE/SAGE)
- Inductive Theorem Prover (ACL2)

-> microsat in C* is as fast as in C (forget structs, arrays, &&, | |, goto)

ISAs

- 1. Large memory and multicore support
- 2. x86 support through binary translation
- 3. ARM support?

babysat this

```
./selfie -sat rivest.cnf
./selfie: this is selfie loading SAT instance rivest.cnf
./selfie: 7 clauses with 4 declared variables loaded from rivest.cnf
p cnf 4 7
2 \ 3 \ -4 \ 0
1 3 4 0
-1 2 4 0
-1 -2 3 0
-2 -3 4 0
-1 -3 -4 0
1 - 2 - 4 0
./selfie: rivest.cnf is satisfiable with -1 -2 3 4
```

What is the <u>absolute simplest</u> way of proving non-trivial properties of Selfie using Selfie, and what are these properties?

https://github.com/cksystemsteaching/selfie/tree/vipster

Proof Obligation

Machine Context

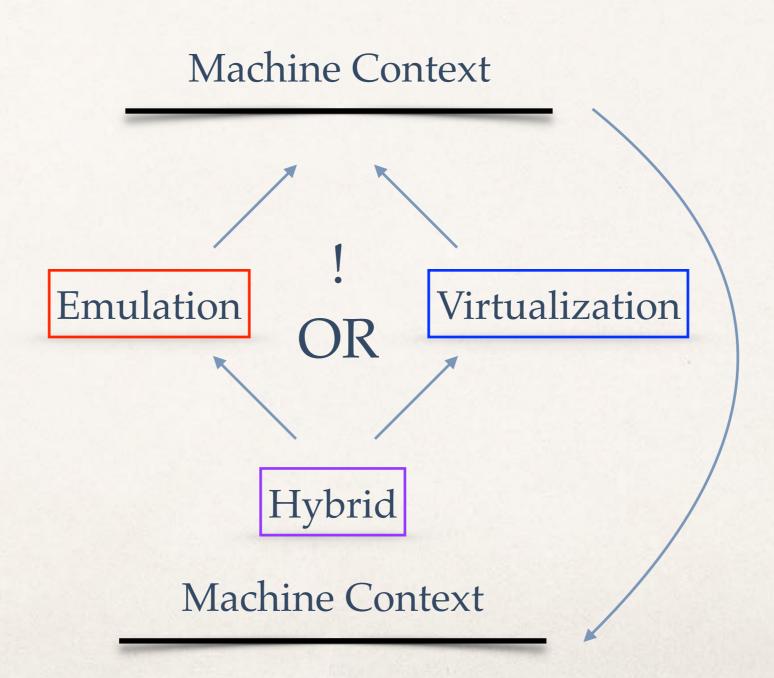
?

Machine Context

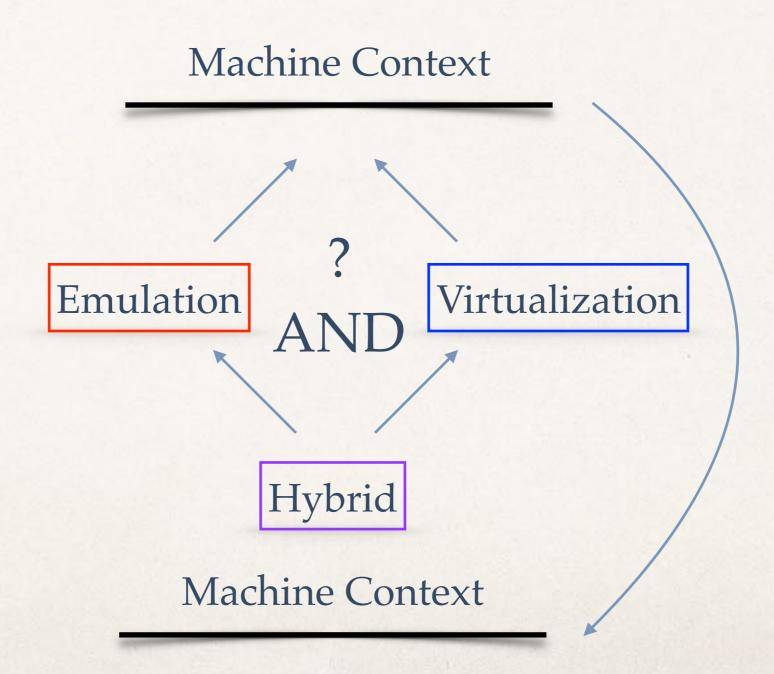
Emulator

Hypervisor

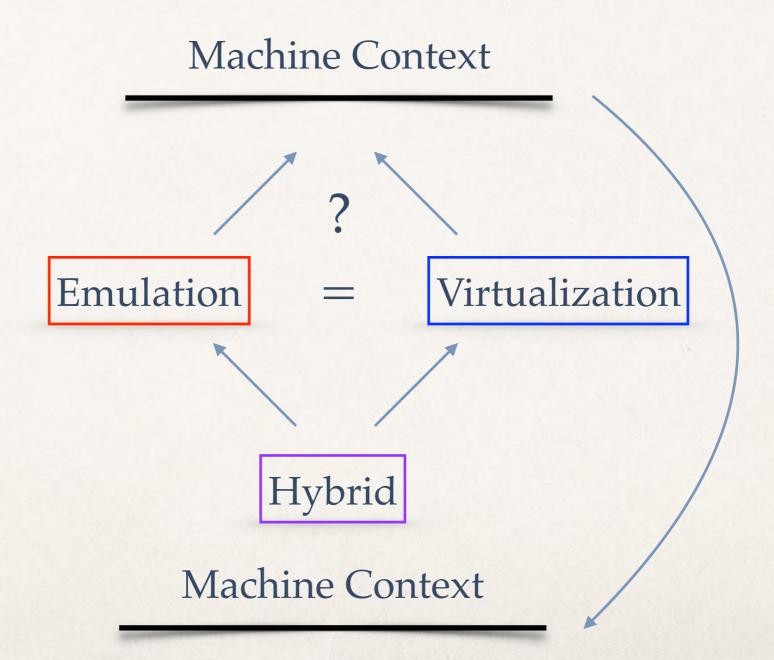
Mixter (T. Hütter, MS Thesis, 2017): Hybrid of Emulator & Hypervisor



Validation of Functional Equivalence?



Verification of Functional Equivalence?





Selfie and the Basics

Library

Compiler

Emulator Hypervisor SAT Solver

selfie.c

- Building and Using Selfie:
- Handling C* Literals:
- Program / Machine State:
- C*/Command Line Scanners:
- C* Parser and Procedures:
- Symbol Table and the Heap:
- * MIPSter Code Generator:
- Address Spaces and Storage:
- * (Composite) Data Types:
- MIPSter Boot Loader:
- MIPSter Emulator:
- MIPSter Hypervisor:

- 1. Semantics
- 2. Encoding
- 3. State
- 4. Regularity
- 5. Stack
- 6. Name
- 7. Time
- 8. Memory
- 9. Type
- 10. Bootstrapping
- 11. Interpretation
- 12. Virtualization





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